

## WHITMAN SAYS YES TO FUSION

District Attorney Comes Out  
for Mitchel and  
the Ticket.

## REPUBLICAN PLEA VAIN

Prosecutor Refuses to Run  
Alone or Disrupt Tam-  
many's Foes.

## FORGETS SELF FOR CITY

Leaders of Allied Parties Laud  
Decision and Foresee  
Victory.

Charles S. Whitman accepted late yesterday afternoon the fusion nomination for District Attorney. In a letter to Norman Haggood, chairman of the Committee of 107, he said he was willing to do his part for the cause of fusion, and called for a union of all citizens, including the Republicans, in the interest of the anti-Tammany cause.

Mr. Whitman's letter came at the end of a long day of conferences with Republican leaders, many of whom urged him up to the last minute to lead a third ticket. Mr. Whitman was in doubt for many hours as to whether he should serve the purposes of the fusion nomination and make his acceptance of the fusion nomination conditional upon the acceptance of John Purroy Mitchel as the Mayor's candidate of all the parties. But the leaders of the fusion movement declared it was his duty to tie no strings to his acceptance. At last he assented and at 6 o'clock made public the following letter to Mr. Haggood:

**Mr. Whitman's Statement.**  
"Norman Haggood, Esq., Chairman of Citizens Municipal Committee.  
"DEAR SIR: I accept the fusion nomination for District Attorney and will exert every effort to elect the entire anti-Tammany ticket.

"From the first my determination has been to do nothing to weaken the fusion movement. The real question has been to let it be my most effective strength.

"For the reason that you and others urge that my acceptance will give strength to the ticket and because a third ticket in the field would insure Tammany success I have determined to accept the place that has been allotted to me, irrespective of any other consideration.

"I have delayed making the announcement of my position because I have felt it my duty to hear in full the views of those who so loyally supported me, and to take the opportunity of expressing my own views to them upon the situation.

"It has been urged upon me that the decision of the fusion committee was dictated by partisan motives and accomplished by partisan methods.

"The fact remains that a fusion ticket has been arranged and that this is no fault of the division of the anti-Tammany forces.

"The Republican party in the constitutional convention which provided that municipal elections should be separated from State elections recognized the principle that municipal government should be secured from party government.

"The willingness of the Republican party to participate in the union of citizens for the common good was based upon a recognition of this principle, and the Republican party deserves great credit with its 150,000 enrolled voters, in placing the general welfare above party advantage.

"The Republican party best serves itself in supporting the fusion movement, and by so doing it commands the respect of the community.

**"Against Corruption."**  
"It is stronger as a party in the State and the Union for joining forces with all good citizens regardless of party against corruption in the city of New York than by selfishly insisting upon the selection of any particular Republican for particular office.

"The purpose of the fusion committee was to bring about concerted action to secure the most efficient and honest government possible for the city of New York. The union of all citizens in this common cause is of far greater importance than the distribution of patronage.

"Personal ambition or partisan feeling must be subordinated to the public good. The movement inaugurated by your committee should receive the support of all voters of all parties who wish to put an end to commercial and political graft and who wish to establish a business administration in the great city departments and carry forward the great administrative work of the development of transit, protection to health, preservation of order, the assurance of safety, the abolishment of special privilege in any form and the general welfare of this the greatest of cities.

"The selections made by the committee assure cooperation along these lines by all the candidates, and all should now unite in making election sure. I will do my part. Very sincerely yours,  
"CHARLES S. WHITMAN."

## WOMEN JURORS SIT IN CHICAGO.

They Weep at Some of the Stories  
About Insane Cases.

CHICAGO, Aug. 7.—Women sat as jurors in Cook county for the first time to-day. They heard twenty-five cases of women and children in the Court for the Insane. The detention hospital, presided over by County Judge John E. Owens. This is the only jury service to which women are eligible under the law.

Many of the stories told caused the jurors to weep. The women jurors were: Mrs. George P. Vosbrink, recently appointed member of the Board of Education; Mrs. John MacMahon, member of the Board of Education; Mrs. Thomas Mader of the Catholic Women's League; Miss Minnie F. Lowe of the Associated Jewish Charities; Dr. Clara Seippel and Dr. Anna Dwyer.

Twenty of the patients whose cases were heard, were ordered sent to institutions for the insane.

## WHAT DUKE, MISS GOODRICH?

Only Seven of That Rank Are at  
the Present Time Unmarried.

**Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.**  
LONDON, Aug. 7.—The admission of Edith Goodrich, the American actress, to the rank of duchess, a British duke whom she "met on a boat at Henley" has sadly puzzled Londoners.

There are twenty-six dukes in the British peerage. Nineteen of them are married. Of the others five are widowers ranging in age from 25 to 92 years. The two remaining dukes are bachelors and neither of them, it is declared, could have been met by Miss Goodrich in the circumstances to which she refers.

## BOAT SINKS AT WHARF; THREE BELIEVED LOST

Pleasure Steamer Filled, but  
More Leap From Dock and  
Tip It Over.

NEWARK, Ohio, Aug. 7.—From three to ten persons are believed to have been drowned to-night when the pleasure steamer Wilda of the Del Fisher Boat Line sank within a few feet of the wharf at a summer resort on Buckeye lake, near here. One body has been recovered.

Sixteen persons filled the boat to capacity as she started to leave. A number of persons, not caring to wait an hour for the boat to return, jumped from the dock to the small vessel. The boat careened and the passengers crowded to the other side. The boat tipped and sank.

Men on the dock who could swim plunged to the rescue. It was pitch dark and the rescuers were badly handicapped. Life preservers were thrown into the water and some of the passengers clung to them. Rowboats were used and a few men, women and children were dragged out.

Accurate figures or names cannot be learned until a census of the surviving passengers is taken.

## VARDAMAN AGAIN AFTER NEGRO.

Senator Denounces Black Foremen  
in Departments.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—As the result of his open advocacy of lynching negroes as the proper punishment for crimes against whites, Senator Vardaman of Mississippi was denounced yesterday by a storm of protest and approval which bids fair to dwarf either the tariff or the currency questions so far as this city is concerned.

Vardaman's speech dealt entirely with segregation. He insisted that it was against all proprieties of life that whites and blacks should work side by side in Government departments. He especially denounced the practice in certain departments where black foremen are in charge of white girls. He referred to the many outrages against white women recently reported here, and insisted that the existing conditions were entirely responsible.

Vardaman characterized the Ku-Klux movement as immediately followed the civil war as the "best organization for good, excepting the church, that ever existed in this country."

"Let the South and the North stop hating each other," he declared, "for we will need all the love at our command, all the intellect and patience and Christian forbearance to save this country from the black race."

"Immediate punishment is the only way to prevent crimes against white girls and women at the hands of black fiends. No person with a spark of manhood in him could bear to see the victim of such a tragedy dragged through the horror of a court trial."

## EXCHANGE MAY BARE SULZER STOCK DEAL

Can Force Members to Clear  
Mystery of Account No. 500  
at Frawley Inquiry.

## JAIL FOR BALKY BROKERS

Mute Witnesses Get Last Chance  
To-day—Investigators Hear  
of Still More Checks.

While the Frawley committee was discussing yesterday that Peter Doelger gave Gov. Sulzer \$250 which the Governor neglected to mention in his sworn statement of campaign receipts and that another unreported check was used in the purchase of stock from a brokerage firm it was learned elsewhere that the Stock Exchange may become a factor in the investigation of Mr. Sulzer's alleged ventures into Wall Street.

Being asked what the exchange would do if called upon by the committee to assist in identifying "Account No. 500," which is said to be the Governor's account with Fuller & Gray, a member of the board of governors replied that the exchange had power to learn the name of the anonymous customer. It was his personal opinion that if the Frawley committee sought the aid of the board of governors in finding out who was the customer represented by "Account No. 500" it would be given.

Under the broad power conferred upon the board of governors by the constitution of the Stock Exchange it has almost unlimited oversight of the business acts of its members affecting directly or indirectly the welfare of the exchange. It can examine the books of a member or require information. There is a rule of the governing committee, adopted in 1910, whereby, it was said, Fuller & Gray could be compelled to divulge the owner of "Account No. 500," as responsibility for acceptance of accounts under a fictitious name is fixed upon the broker. This is the rule.

"That every member of the exchange be required to use due diligence to learn the essential facts relating to every account accepted by himself or by his clerks or representatives, and also relating to the possible use of a name for the account other than that of the party interested."

**Will Get One More Chance.**  
The Frawley committee will know to-day whether it will have to appeal to the Stock Exchange for help in getting the information it wants, for Melville Fuller of Harris & Fuller and Frederick L. Colwell, believed by the committee to be the Governor's agent in the stock market, have one more chance to answer the questions which they refused to answer. If they are still silent when they appear before the committee to-day they must go before the Legislature when it reconvenes on Monday night to answer for contempt. They were notified yesterday by the committee.

The same notice was served on Louis A. Sarecky, the Governor's depositor of campaign money, who told the committee at Albany last week that he wouldn't reply to any queries as to the money he handed for the Governor with the Mutual Alliance Trust Company by the committee and Eugene Lamb Richards, Jr., its counsel, the Legislature may punish these men by imprisonment until the legislative session is ended, and one of the legislators said yesterday that the session may last until next New Year's Day. Mr. Richards refused to hint yesterday from the obstinate witnesses as to whether or not they would answer questions to-day.

In an innocently worded letter which Chester C. Platt, the Governor's secretary, sent to each member of the Legislature on Wednesday there is a hint that the Governor will try to block contempt proceedings against these witnesses or possible impeachment proceedings against himself by emphasizing his contention that there was no quorum when the Legislature decided on July 23 to take a recess until August 11, and that therefore the resumption of the session on Monday will be illegal. The letter as received by New York Assemblyman was about as follows:

"By direction of the Governor I write to ask you if you will please inform me if you were present at the session of the Assembly on the 23d day of July. There is a dispute as to who were present and who were absent and it is important to the public welfare that this dispute shall be settled by a letter from each Assemblyman."

"With best wishes, I am very sincerely yours,  
CHESTER C. PLATT."

**Will Point to Roll Call.**  
The Tammany legislators will reply to the letter by referring Mr. Platt to the roll clerk. They insist that the Legislature's word is final as to its own operation and that if the roll call of July 23 showed a quorum a quorum was there.

The Frawley committee in pinning down yesterday the fact that one of Gov. Sulzer's alleged campaign checks went to Wall Street put upon the stand Philip Boyer, once a member of the firm of Boyer, Griswold & Co. He identified the \$500 check which John Lynn gave to Daniel Sulzer on October 10 as one that passed through the brokerage house of Boyer, Griswold & Co. He didn't know in what deal the check figured nor whether it was turned in by Frederick L. Colwell, whom Mr. Boyer remembered as having bought 100 shares of Big Four stock (the man who had "Account No. 500") with Fuller & Gray also bought Big Four.

Mr. Boyer told the committee that Charles Reynolds, formerly cashier for Boyer, Griswold & Co., and ex-manager Shevell might supply enlightenment as to the transactions involving the Lynn check and Mr. Colwell. The Lynn check is one of those which were not in the Governor's statement of campaign receipts. Mr. Reynolds was subpoenaed for to-day.

The other big point in yesterday's developments before the Frawley committee—proof that Mr. Sulzer got a campaign check for \$250 from Peter Doelger, the brewer, which he failed to say anything about—was not touched.

**Continued on Fifth Page.**

## EXPLOSION LOSS \$800,000.

Eleven Philadelphia Plants Burn  
and 14 Firemen Hurt.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 7.—Thirty tanks of benzene exploded at the plant of the Union Petroleum Works here this afternoon and within an hour a city block was flooded with burning fluid, eleven plants were consumed, and the loss is estimated at \$800,000, half being on property and half on petroleum.

The plants destroyed include those of the Union Petroleum Company, Indian Refining Company, E. F. Drew refinery, Crane & Co., Niles, Bement & Pond, Christopher Kochs & Sons and the Homer Brass Works.

Firemen could not get within a square of the flames because of the heat from the fire, and at one time it threatened to spread to all the dwellings for several blocks around. Finally the flames were controlled after a few hours fight by two-thirds of all the fire companies in the city.

It was necessary to stretch 2,500 feet of hose from the Delaware River to the fire, and three police boats were pumping water steadily on the blaze at midnight, in addition to eighteen engines retained on duty after ten hours continuous service.

Of thirty-five tanks containing oil, benzene and crude petroleum, all but five were destroyed, and Fire Chief Meakill says that the fire will continue to burn until all these have been destroyed.

Through this office Samuel Samwick of the Merchants Secret Service Bureau of 320 Broadway believes he will get track of the jewelry and recover it. He explained that a report of the offer of the piece of jewelry for sale was not made to him until Wednesday and then only in answer to a postcard which he sent out to every pawnshop and jewelry dealer in the country giving a description of the stolen gems.

"We do not believe," he said, "that the man who offered the jewels for sale was the actual thief, for thieves do not work in that way. The man who wished to sell the breastpin is a dealer who goes around to various shops offering jewels for sale. We have a description of him and hope soon to have a talk with him and get a description of the man who sold the breastpin to him. In addition we have several other clues and are confident that in a short time we will recover the jewels."

Samwick added that the value of the jewels stolen was much greater than at first announced. In giving the list he explained that the thieves overlooked a drawer containing gems valued at \$20,000. Here is the list of the stolen jewelry:

**List of Stolen Jewelry.**  
One platinum watch, square shaped, surrounded by diamonds, with monogram "E. E. H."  
One black ribbon bowknot breastpin, outlined with diamonds.  
One pair earrings to match above.  
One pair large sapphire earrings, surrounded by a wreath of diamonds.  
One sapphire pendant, surrounded by diamonds, star shaped.  
One large pair of pale coral earrings with diamonds mounted on top.  
One sapphire brooch, surrounded by a wreath of diamonds.  
One coral brooch, shape of rose.  
One large solitaire ring, one-half inch square setting, set in black enamel.  
One round moonstone, nearly one inch across, surrounded by two rows of small diamonds.  
One rope of pearls, fourteen inch, containing between 175 and 185 pearls, with black diamond set in clasp and surrounded by smaller diamonds, valued at \$150,000 to \$175,000.  
One pearl necklace with Indian seed, a red seed every two and a half inches between the pearls.  
One diamond horseshoe pin, quite large.  
One diamond faced watch, attached to diamond bow knot.  
One seal ring with coat of arms, initial "H."

Samwick gave new details concerning the search for the jewelry and also new facts concerning the manner in which the gems were stolen. He said that finger prints were found on the drawer from which the burglars took their loot.

**Careful Study of Finger Prints.**  
"Our branch in Providence," he said, "has made a careful study of the finger prints, and while I cannot go into details concerning them I can say that they may be of importance. There also were marks on the small cases left in the drawer. We have made a study of the finger prints of the servants in the Hanan household."

"It was a strange thing," he added, "that on the night of the theft Mrs. Hanan took the pearl necklace containing about a hundred and eighty-five pearls out of the drawer and put it on. She was dressing to go to some sort of a bazaar, but decided that the necklace was too heavy for such a warm night and took it off. She gave it to me to replace in the drawer with the other jewels. Mrs. Hanan left the house at 8:30 and did not get back until about 12:30, when the maid told her that somebody had stolen the jewelry."

"Investigation showed that shortly after Mrs. Hanan went out the maid left the room to get some spring water. As she expected to come right back she did not lock the drawer containing the jewels. At first she said she was away only fifteen minutes, but afterward admitted that she was gone perhaps forty minutes. On the same night the night watchman was away, so that it would have been easy for a burglar to enter the house and get the jewelry."

**Says Burglary Was Easy.**  
"It is absurd to say that the robbery was committed by some society man or woman. Nothing would be easier than to gain entry to the Hanan home. The town only has three policemen; the house is surrounded with trees and with the watchman away it was perfectly simple for a burglar to climb through an open window and enter the room where the jewelry was kept."

"The suggestion is absurd that Mrs. Hanan did not have the jewels in the house on the night of the robbery. We are sure ourselves that she did have possession of them and that up to July 25 not one of them was missing. Mrs. Hanan not only has a liberal bank account of her own, but also has other jewels which were stored away in safe deposit vaults in this city."

"It is also ridiculous," continued Samwick, "to say that a relative had anything to do with the robbery. The jewels were stolen by a servant, or a former servant, and we are working on that theory."

**JAPANESE SMUGGLERS FOILED.**  
Customs Men Block Attempt to  
Bring in Chinese Girls.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 7.—Customs guards on board the Japanese liner Hongkong Maru frustrated an attempt by members of the Japanese crew to smuggle a Chinese girl ashore to-day.

## TRIES TO SELL PART OF HANAN LOOT HERE

Breastpin Stolen in \$250,000  
Narragansett Burglary Of-  
fered to Dealer.

## DETECTIVE NOW HOPEFUL

Expects to Track Down Thieves  
Through Man Who Has  
Part of Plunder.

One piece of the \$250,000 worth of jewelry stolen from Mrs. John E. Hanan in her home in Narragansett Pier, R. I., on July 25, was offered for sale in this city a week ago to-day. It was a breastpin of black enamel, with a bowknot outlined with diamonds, and was worth several thousand dollars. The dealer to whom it was offered refused to buy it at the price asked, but told the man to return again.

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## BRYAN BIGGER THAN A CIRCUS.

Strodsburg, Pa., Wants State Po-  
lice to Watch Pickpockets.

STRODSBURG, Pa., Aug. 7.—Expecting an unusual representation of pickpockets when William J. Bryan makes his Chattanooga address here on August 28, the borough fathers at their regular monthly council meeting have taken decided action. Secretary Williams was directed to ask Superintendent Groom to have the State constabulary here on Bryan day. The occasion is expected to draw a larger crowd than any circus day in the last twenty-five years.

## RING FOR MILLE, POLAIRE'S NOSE.

This Is How She Will Appear on  
American Tour.

**Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.**  
LONDON, Aug. 8.—The Daily Mail's Paris correspondent telegraphs that Mlle. Polaire, the dancer, who prides herself on being "the ugliest woman in Paris," is to appear on the stage with a dainty gold ring hanging from the tip of her nose during her forthcoming tour in the United States.

## 50 YEARS A CONDUCTOR.

Bustleton Honors Elias Toy, Who  
Retires at Age of 70.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 7.—All of Bustleton turned out to-day to honor Elias Toy, a retired conductor of the New York division of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, who left the service on August 1, having reached the age limit of 70 years.

Mr. Toy had served the company continuously as conductor on that division for fifty years, seven months and nine days, and never once was reprimanded, the records of the company show.

When President Lincoln died he was the conductor of the train which conveyed his body from this city to New York.

## CHURCHILLS LOSE WEEK'S WASH

Even First Lord of British Admiralty Can't Escape Theft.

**Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.**  
LONDON, Aug. 7.—Mrs. Winston Churchill, wife of the First Lord of the Admiralty, was robbed to-day of clothing valued at \$250 by a man who called at Admiralty House and said he was a representative of the laundry with which the Admiralty has dealt for years.

The man was permitted to take away the week's washing, including table cloths, skirts and petticoats. Two hours later the real laundryman called and the theft was discovered.

## PAVLOVA STRIKES PARTNER.

Dancer Quarrels With Her Escort  
on London Stage.

**Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.**  
LONDON, Aug. 7.—Pavlova's highly quarrelsome stage of the Palace Theatre two years ago, when the audience was amused every evening by the open discord between the Russian dancer and her partner, Mordkin, is likely to be repeated with her present partner, Novikov.

After dancing this evening for a while apparently in perfect accord Pavlova dealt Novikov a blow on the shoulder. Novikov immediately left the stage and Pavlova walked off on the opposite side. The orchestra played on an empty stage until Pavlova came on again and danced two solos, her partner failing to return.

## FIND GUN OF BAILEY PARTY.

Saville Woman Discovers Rifle of  
Three Men Who Died.

SAVILLE, L. I., Aug. 7.—The fate of the Bailey gunning party, all the members of which perished in a bitter storm in January of last year on the way to Short Beach Hassoek, was recalled to-day when a single shot rifle was found on the flats off Ocean Beach, by a woman trawling for clams.

The Bailey party, which consisted of Dr. Edmund S. Bailey and Dr. Carl A. Clemons of New York and Capt. Tom Veltman, their boatman, was never heard from after it embarked for Mr. Bailey's shooting box on the Hassoek. Mrs. Bailey and Mrs. Clemons each offered \$1,000 reward for the return of her husband's body, but the bodies were never found.

## SUES HARTRIDGE FOR THAW.

O'Mara, Trustee, Asks for Money  
Paid to Hartridge & Penbody.

ROCK O'MARA of Pittsburgh, trustee in bankruptcy for Harry K. Thaw, began suit yesterday to recover some of the money allegedly to have been obtained from Thaw for no consideration by Hartridge & Penbody.

A summons against Clifford W. Hartridge, surviving partner of the firm which defended Thaw on his first trial, was filed in the Supreme Court. The amount demanded is not stated.

Developed in the disbarment proceedings against Hartridge that Thaw and his mother paid the firm about \$100,000 for services and disbursements.

## NO GUARANTEE FOR LIND'S LIFE

Governor of Mexico City Says  
Envoy Comes at  
His Peril.

## GRAVE FEARS OVER STEP

Foreign Minister's Warning  
Makes Deep Impression  
in Washington.

## BACON PLEADS FOR DELAY

Senate Stirred by Debate in  
Which Republicans Make  
Threats.

The Mexican situation was regarded in Washington more gravely yesterday than at any other time since President Wilson entered the White House. These were the important developments of the day:

Word came from Mexico that the Governor of the Federal district of Mexico city had announced that he could give no guarantee for the protection of John Lind, the President's special emissary.

Members of the United States Senate in debate acknowledged that President Wilson was facing a crisis.

President Wilson got angry over the effort of Republicans to have Congress act.

No official confirmation was received by the State Department of the reported declaration by the Mexican Minister of Foreign Affairs that the Huerta Government would regard John Lind as an undesirable envoy.

**LIND MAY ENTER TRAP.**  
Americans in Mexico City Alarmed  
by the Outlook.

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 7.—The Governor of the Federal district of Mexico city announced here to-day that he could give to John Lind, President Wilson's agent, no guarantee of protection from mob violence if the latter attempts to take any part in the internal affairs of Mexico or comes for the purpose of urging the resignation of President Huerta.

Americans here are most apprehensive of the results of this announcement. They fear that it will be construed by the lower classes as an invitation to make hostile demonstrations against Mr. Lind should he come to Mexico city.

The press and everybody in Mexico city are showing the greatest interest in the note which the acting Minister of Foreign Affairs sent to the American Embassy regarding Mr. Lind. All the newspapers here to-day devote their entire front pages to comments on the Mexican President's action and on the situation.

**Comments Less Hysterical.**  
These comments are now more thoughtful and less hysterical anti-American than formerly. All the newspapers, however, approve Huerta's conduct in rejecting what they characterize as "Gov. Lind's interference."

It is difficult to conceive how Woodrow Wilson, ardent champion of a creed which does not admit the stain of violence, upholding a theory which fosters civilization with the same consistency as it rejects the principle that might makes right—it is difficult to conceive, we repeat, how he could send to Mexico a scoundrel, an inquisitor, an open eye upon our doing without the previous consent of our chancery, without consulting our opinion as inhabitants of a free country, without fulfilling the formulas prescribed by laws and customs.

"We do not work in the dark. We desire our conduct to be investigated and judged. We do not pretend or live by deceit, making our intentions, therefore we would remain indifferent to White House sentiment, observing men to take our national temperature, pick up impressions and touch with their own hands the dust of our national traditions."

But to announce noisily an anomalous mission which is both undiplomatic and affronting, as if the American Government wishes "to make an ostentatious display of our inferiority, overwhelming us with the moral superiority which the American people claim over the countries of Latin origin, hurts us, shames us, angers us."